Teachers' work in upper secondary schooling in Queensland, Australia, has undergone considerable transformation. Hill's doctoral study investigates how recent policy developments combine to impact on teachers' work. Using a labour process and socio-cultural perspective, data collection at a school site included a range of primary documents, descriptive statistics, and interviews with teachers. The retreat from a Keynesian welfare state coupled with the unresolved role of the state in education enables four key marketisation strategies: choice, devolution, corporatisation, and the evaluative state. The impact of these strategies in upper secondary schooling is compounded by the emergence of vocational education and training. With a growing policy emphasis on the completion of a minimum twelve years of schooling as a means to assure successful participation in the knowledge economy, successive policy initiatives in upper secondary education expose four unresolved crises: increasing participation rates, debates about the location and structure, confusion around forms of governance, and an unresolved curriculum for upper secondary schooling. Each significantly impacts on teachers' work.

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