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programs and argues that when women are not considered in the CVE programs has an impact on the overall security of a state. Based on the primary data collected through interviews of CVE experts in Pakistan, this study examines CVE policies and its approaches, and the causes and consequences of women's recruitment by violent extremists. The analyses of civil society and state-run approaches show the neglect of women in terms of vulnerability to VE and potential in CVE measures. Keywords: violent extremism, radicalisation, women, polices.

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## Great Barrier Reef: Australia's climate politics and the media

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ENV3: Environment, Education 3.26, September 24, 2019, 11:30 AM - 1:00 PM

The Great Barrier Reef is a global icon and its future health is a metaphor for Australia's environmental politics. A weakened climate change policy, unprecedented back-to-back-bleaching (2016/2017), port development to feed expanding terrestrial mines, plastics and poor water quality are all adding to the declining health of the world's largest eco-system. Despite the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Act (1975), that formally seals shared stewardship between the Queensland and Federal governments, there remains clashes between state and federal politics that are as old as the Act itself. Whilst political ambition and advocacy drove the first campaign to Save the Barrier Reef (1967-1975). The federal governments' thwarting of Queensland Premier Joh Bjelke-Petersen plans to mine the Barrier Reef, set up a contentious relationship between the state and federal government that remains today. Today, conflict between the Queensland coal lobby and the 'environmentalists' continues to drive much of Australia's climate policy. In the last ten years, the Liberal dismantling of four federal climate change programs, new Queensland legislation and a joint attempt to temper UNESCO worries, are yet to show solutions. UNESCO made the Great Barrier Reef one of its World Heritage properties (1981) and Australia guardians of the world's largest eco-system. Another bleaching event could do irreparable damage, and UNESCO has concerns over whether enough is being done. Australia has an environmental plan – the Reef 2050, but is it enough? This paper explores two fundamental environmental politics questions,

1. Why did the Great Barrier Reef become a trope for Australia's environmental politics?

2. What political influences do lobbyists and the media exert on national policy?

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# What Factors Encourage Jobseekers to find a job or move off benefits? Modelling street level bureaucracy

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POL1: Policy & Governance, Education 3.25, September 23, 2019, 2:00 PM - 3:30 PM