Cryoprotective Effect of Glycerol Against Sperm DNA Damage in Frozen-Thawed Boar Spermatozoa

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Introduction

The use of frozen-thawed boar sperm still lags behind chilled boar semen in artificial insemination (AI) operations despite its advantages [1]. Freezing however, may damage the structure and function of sperm, leading to reduced fertilization success. Moreover, glycerol, which is a critical cryoprotectant in most sperm freezing protocols, can be toxic to cells in high concentrations [2]; affecting sperm motility and acrosomal integrity. This study was conducted to determine the cryoprotective effect of glycerol on sperm DNA integrity and motility in frozen-thawed boar sperm.

Materials and Methods

Semen Collection and Cryopreservation

Semen was collected from six mature Large White boars and frozen in liquid nitrogen in 0.5 mL CBS straws (IMV Corporation, USA) using the IceCube programmable freezer (Minitube, Germany) following a standard freezing protocol [3] in either 3, 6 or 8% glycerol. After three months storage, samples were thawed in a 38 °C water bath for 30 s, diluted in BTS and maintained at 38 °C for analysis.

Determination of Sperm Motility and DNA Integrity

Sperm concentration was determined by haemocytometer and motility of 20 x 10⁶ sperm/ml at 38°C was analyzed using CASA (Hamilton Thorne). Sperm DNA damage in 20,000 Percoll-purified sperm per boar per treatment was evaluated using TUNEL (Roche) & flow cytometry (Dako Cytomation; Fig. 1) [4].

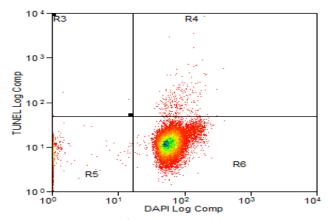


Figure 1. Scatter plot of boar sperm co-labelled by FITC and DAPI. DNA-damaged sperm in R4.

Results

There was no significant difference in DNA damage between fresh or frozen-thawed sperm at each concentration of glycerol, although it tended to be lower in fresh sperm (Table 1; P > 0.05). Both total and progressive motility were higher in fresh than frozen-thawed sperm ($P \le 0.05$), however no difference between frozen-thawed samples cryopreserved in either 3, 6 or 8% glycerol was observed (P > 0.05).

Table 1: Mean (± SEM) percentage of DNA damage and total and progressive motility in fresh and frozen-thawed boar sperm cryopreserved using different concentrations of glycerol.

		Post-thaw			
Parameter	Fresh	3% Glycerol	6%	8%	
		5% diyceror	Glycerol	Glycerol	
DNA damage	1.9 ± 0.4	3.51 ± 0.8	2.8 ± 0.5	3.0 ± 0.8	
Total Progressive		35.3 ± 4.1 ^b 23.84 ± 3.2 ^b			

Values with different letters differ significantly between treatments for each parameter ($P \le 0.05$); n= 6 boars per treatment.

Discussion

Using standard protocols for boar sperm freezing, our results demonstrated that glycerol at 6% appears to be the most suitable concentration to protect boar sperm against DNA damage, while maintaining the 2nd highest progressive sperm motility. Being able to cryopreserve boar sperm without inducing additional DNA fragmentation, provides confidence that frozen-thawed sperm could contribute to IVF and AI operations without causing increased rates of DNA damage-related early embryonic loss.

References

- Bailey, J.L., Lessard, C., Jacques, J., Breque, C., Dobrinski, I., W. Zeng, W., Galantino-Homer, H.L., Cryopreservation of boar semen and its future importance to the industry, Theriogenology, 2008, 70: 1251-1259.
- Buhr, M.M., Fiser, P., Bailey, J.L., Curtis, E.F., Cryopreservation in different concentrations of glycerol alters boar sperm and their membranes, Journal of Andrology, 2001, 22: 961-969.

- 3. Pursel, V.G., Johnson, L.A., Freezing of boar spermatozoa: fertilizing capacity with concentrated semen and a new thawing procedure, Journal of Animal Science, 1975, 40: 99-102.
- Peña, S.T.J., Stone, F., Gummow, B., Parker, A.J., Paris, D.B.B.P., Tropical summer induces DNA fragmentation in boar spermatozoa: implications for evaluating seasonal infertility, Reproduction Fertility and Development, 2018, DOI: 10.1071/RD18159.



GENERAL PROGRAM

22 FEBRUARY 2019 09:00am-12:00pm	(FRIDAY) - Attire: Business /Smart Casual Casting of Ballots / Election of New PVMA Officers and Council Members (COMELEC Room)						
07.00am-12.00pm	,	TECHNICAL BREAK			POSTER PRESENTATION		
	FUNCTION ROOM 5,6,7	FUNCTION ROOM 1,2,3,4	HALL D	HALL A,B,C			
	LABORATORY / RESEARCH	POULTRY	SWINE	COMPANION ANIMAL	4		
	Moderator	Moderator	Moderator	Moderator			
	DR. HERCULES P. BALDOS	DR. LINA S. POLICARPIO	DR. NENETTE ALVIS	DR. MAYSIE T. BATINGA			
08:00am-08:30am	Accomplishing Animal Care and Use Statement for IACUC Review DR. DARIA L. MANALO	Black Soldier Fly Larvae (Hermetia Illucens) Production, a Potential Supplementary Source of Protein for Free-Range Chickens DR. ERWIN JOSEPH S. CRUZ	Blood Iron, Hematocrit and Hemoglobin Values of Piglets Injected with Iron Dextran: Use of Iron Amino Acid Chelate (Iron Glycine Chelate) in Preventing Day 3 to 10 Piglet Anemia DR. JOEL F.	Diaphragmatic Hernia Repair with the Assistance of Anesthesia Rebreathing Bag DR. IVY A. ALVAREZ	Newcastle Disease Prevention and Control Related Practices of Gamecock Raisers in Western Leyte DR. AGNES M. TAVEROS		
08:30am-09:00am	Detection of Anchoring, Communicating and Occluding Junction Proteins in Rat Tendon Cells DR. ERROL JAY Y. BALAGAN	Chlamydia gallinacean as an emerging pathogen in Chickens: Research from 2014-present DR. ANA MARQUIZA M. QUILICOT	MANGALINDAN Cryoloop and Minimum Drop Size Methods in the Vitrification and In-Vitro Maturation of Immature Philippine Native Pig Oocytes DR. MARVIN BRYAN S. SALINAS	Entropion: Doing it right the first time DR. CUCU KARTINI	Risk Perception of Newcastle Disease on Backyard Chicken Raisers in Baybay City, Leyte Philippines DR. MELVIN A. BAGOT		
09:00am-09:30am	Health Monitoring of Laboratory Mice and Rats Dr. Luida C. Cruz	Results of Epidemic Simulation Modelling to Evaluate Strategies to Control an Outbreak of Avian Influenza (H5N6) among Commercial Poultry Farms in Central Luzon, Philippines DR. RODERICK T.	Cryoprotective Effect of Glycerol Against Sperm DNA Damage in Frozen- Thawed Spermatozoa DR. SANTIAGO T. PEÑA JR.	Gastric Dilation and Volvulus (GDV): Improving our Diagnosis, Treatment Plan Based on Prognosis DR. IVY A. ALVAREZ	New Castle Disease: Evaluation of the Attitude of Gamefowl Raisers in Western Leyte DR. JANE P. DAUTIL		
09:30am-10:00am	Optimizing Laboratory Diagnostic Tests for Case Problem Solving and Disease Diagnosis DR. VERONICA A. MATAWARAN	SALVADOR The Avian Influenza Status of Layer Farms in San Jose, Batangas after the First Avian Influenza Outbreak in the Philippines DR. ANTONIO AUGUSTUS C. LARANAS	Swine Veterinary Practice Trends DR. ROSELLE F. CUDAL	Genetic Characterization and Phylogenetic Analysis of Canine Parvovirus from Domestic Dogs (Canis familiaris) in Quezon City, Philippines DR. DENNIS V. UMALI	Knowledge of Gamefowl Raisers on Newcastle Disease in Western Leyte Philippines DR. CARL LEONARD M. PRADERA		
10:00am-10:30am		CC	OFFEE BREAK and BOOTH VI	SIT			
10:30am-11:00am	Physiological Responses, Cortisol Level and Analgesia of Goats Subjected to Exploratory Laparatomy Under Acupuncture and Regional Analgesia DR. JESSIE A. ACORDA	Prevalence and Antimicrobial Susceptibility Profile of Escherichia coli O157:H7 in the Feces of Native Chickens (Gallus gallus L.) from Selected Backyard Farms in Upland Cavite, Philippines DR. MA. CYNTHIA R.	Upgrading Swine Value Chain through Public Initiated Food Safety Standards DR. ZEAM VOLTAIRE E. AMPER	Using L-Asparaginase to Improve Treatment of Canine Transmissible Venereal Tumor Resistant to Vincristine DR. ROUCHELLE B. ALONTE	Pet Owners' Awareness on RA 9482 (Anti-Rabies Act of 2007) in Magalang Pampanga DR. REMEDIOS D. SAN JOSE		



